7.1 The student will		
	compare	
	fractions,	
	decimals, and	
	percents.	
	order	
	fractions,	
	decimals, and	
	percents,	
	determine equivalent relationships between fractions, decimals, and percents, including	
	scientific notation for numbers greater than 10.	

7.2 The student will simplify expressions that contain rational numbers (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals) and positive exponents, using	
	order of operations,
	mental mathematics, and
	appropriate tools.

7.3 The	7.3 The student will identify and apply the following properties of operations with real		
numbers:			
a)	the commutative and associative properties for addition and multiplication;		
b)	the distributive property;		
c)	the additive and multiplicative identity properties;		
d)	the additive and multiplicative inverse properties; and		
e)	the multiplicative property of zero.		

7.4 The student will		
	solve practical problems using rational numbers	
	whole numbers,	
a)	fractions,	
	decimals, and	
	percents;	
	solve consumer-application problems involving	
	tips,	
b)	discounts,	
	sales tax, and	
	simple interest.	

7.5 The student will formulate rules for and solve practical problems involving		
	basic operations with integers.	
	addition,	
	subtraction,	
	multiplication, and	
	division	

7.6 The student will use proportions to solve practical problems, which may include scale drawings, that contain		
		rational numbers
		whole numbers,
		fractions,
		decimals, and
		percents.

7.7 The student, given appropriate dimensions, will		
		estimate and find the area of polygons by subdividing them into
a)		rectangles and
		right triangles; and
b)		apply perimeter and area formulas in practical situations.

7.8 The student will investigate and solve problems involving the volume and surface area of		
rectangu	rectangular prisms and cylinders, using	
		concrete materials and
		practical situations to develop formulas.

7.9 The student will		
	compare and contrast the following quadrilaterals:	
	parallelogram,	
	rectangle,	
	square,	
	rhombus, and	
	trapezoid.	
	use deductive reasoning and inference to classify quadrilaterals.	

7.10 The student will			
	identify and draw the following polygons:		
	pentagon,		
	hexagon,		
	heptagon,		
	octagon,		
	nonagon, and		
	decagon.		

7.11 The student will		
	determine if geometric figures – quadrilaterals and triangles – are similar and	
	write proportions to express the relationships between corresponding parts of similar figures.	

7.12 The student will		
	identify and graph ordered pairs in the four quadrants of a coordinate plane.	

7.13 The student, given a polygon in the coordinate plane, will	
	represent transformations - rotation and translation - by graphing the coordinates of the vertices of the transformed polygon and
	sketching the resulting figure.

7.14 The student will		
		investigate and describe the difference between the probability of an event found
		through simulation versus the theoretical probability of that same event.

7.15 The student will	
	identify and describe the number of possible arrangements of several objects, using a
	tree diagram or the Fundamental (Basic) Counting Principle.

7.16 The student will create and solve problems involving		
		the measures of central tendency
		mean,
		median,
		mode, and
		range of a set of data.

7.17 The student, given a problem situation, will collect, analyze, display, and interpret data, using a variety of graphical methods, including		
	frequency distributions;	
	line plots;	
	histograms;	
	stem-and-leaf plots;	
	box-and-whisker plots; and	
	scattergrams.	

7.18 The student will		
		make inference, conjectures, and predictions based on analysis of a set of data.

7.19 The student will represent, analyze, and generalize a variety of patterns, including arithmetic sequences and geometric sequences, with		
	tables,	
	graphs,	
	rules, and	
	words in order to investigate and describe functional relationships.	

7.20 The student will		
		write verbal expressions as algebraic expressions and
		write sentences as equations.

7.21 The student will use the following algebraic terms appropriately:		
		equation,
		inequality, and
		expression.

7.22 The student will		
	solve one-step linear equations and inequalities in one variable with strategies involving	
	inverse operations and integers, using	
a)	concrete materials,	
	pictorial representations, and	
	paper and pencil: and	
b)	solve practical problems requiring the solution of a one-step linear equation.	